

## Python Template for Deterministic Dynamic Programming

This template assumes that the states are nonnegative whole numbers, and stages are numbered starting at 1.

```
import numpy
```

```
hugeNumber = float("inf")
```

Initialize all needed parameters and data

```
stages = number of stages
```

```
f = numpy.zeros([stages + 2, (highest-numbered state) + 1])
```

```
x = numpy.zeros([stages + 1, (highest-numbered state) + 1])
```

If not zero, set each  $f[\text{stages}+1, i]$  to the terminal value of being in state  $i$  at the end

For states that are not allowed, use hugenumber for minimization, -hugenumber for maximization

```
for t in range(stages, 0, -1) :
```

If necessary, determine which states are possible at stage  $t$

```
for i in (states that are possible at stage t) :
```

Determine set of decisions  $d$  which are possible from this state and stage

```
value = -hugeNumber if maximizing or hugeNumber if minimizing
```

```
for d in (set of allowed decisions d) :
```

```
    j = (resulting next state)
```

Compute immediate costs and/or rewards from decision  $d$

```
    moveValue = (immediate costs and/or rewards) + f[t+1, j]
```

```
    if moveValue > value : (use < instead of > if minimizing)
```

```
        value = moveValue
```

```
        bestMove = d
```

```
# End of d loop
```

```
f[t, i] = value
```

```
x[t, i] = bestMove
```

```
# End of i loop
```

```
# End of t loop
```

```
print("Optimal solution is " + str(f[1, (initial state)]))
```

```
print("(something explanatory about the solution)")
```

```
i = (initial state)
```

```
for t in range(1, stages+1) :
```

```
    print(str(x[t, i]) + (some explanation))
```

```
    i = (compute next state based on decision x[t, i] being taken)
```

If desired, can print something about ending state here